# Indian Burial Mounds

- 1. Pelham at the site of the Warren Cemetery -40 GY10
- 2. Gross' Cove in Collins River Valley  $40\mathrm{GY}35$

## SITE SURVEY SHEET

	Date Sept. 20, 1973
	Site 40GY10
	Complex Prob. Late Woodland
State Tenn: County Grundy	Reservoir Sequoyah-Franklin
Location From ref. point: Lat 35 17:30"	Transmission Line
Long 85 52'00" distance 4,500' a	long azimuth 328 clw/north
Map Burrow Cove Quad 93-SE 1947 Elevati	ion 1,020! by contour
Owner TVA Powerline R.O.W. Address	N/A
Tenant Franklin Payne Address	Pelham, Tenn.
Attitude toward excavation Doubtful(due to	o historic burial interments)
Informant Ground recon. Address NS di	N/A
Type of Site Mound Extent EW d	ia. 90' Depth 10'
Soil Type Red clay-loam Cultivati	on none
Erosion none Poss. of	Destruction <u>not likely</u>
Other Designations for Site Warren Cemetz	ry ca. 1882-1968
Published References See attached page	es from Schroedle Wallow, 1975
Surface Coll. l cryptocrystaline flake	
Other Collectors James Hibbs, Lee Wallac	20
Test Pitting <u>none</u>	
Previous Excavation none	
Photographs <u>C-1-28,29 B-1-13,14</u> . Drawing	s none
Recorded by Lee Wallace, Dept. of Anthropo	ology, Univ. of Tennessee
Remarks: Coordinates: Lat 35 18:09" Long	85 52129"
The mound has recent intrusive interm	ments ca. 1882-1968.
3/21/97 Just sheeds retrieved from the surface	of on intrusive historiegrave

HOGYIO

WORK CONDUCTED: Ground reconnaissance.

Field Site #8

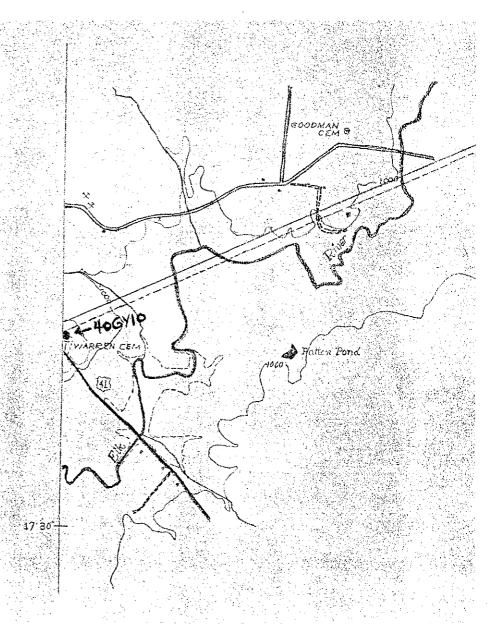
CULTURAL MATERIAL: No material was collected within the cemetery.

Mightly scattered cryptocrystalline debitage occurred, however,

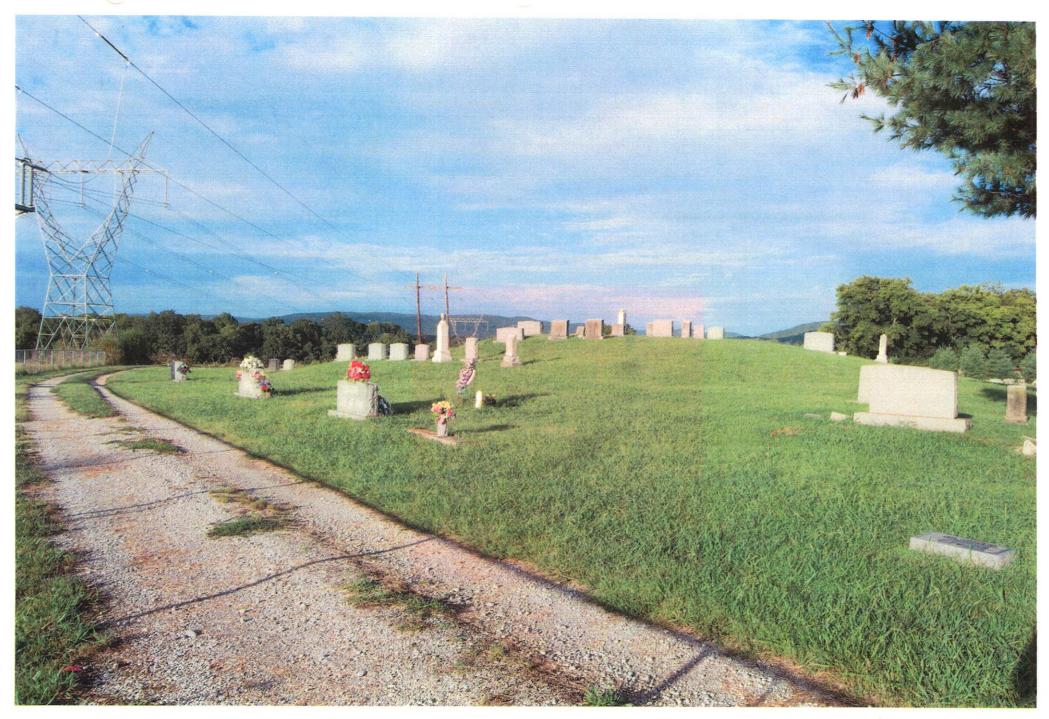
outside the cemetery boundary approximately 10 feet north of

1975 Schroedl, Gerald F; and Lee S, Wallace.
Archaelogical Reconnaissance of the Proposed

Sequerah-Franklin Transmission Line (p 33, 35, 36 affached)



10 H 10



(photo by M. Norton, TDOA, 2009)

The site is located near the east edge of a small wooded area 250 ft (77m) north of an existing TVA transmission line on the property of Mr. Joe Oliver, Pelham, Tennessee; and 4,250 ft (1,300m) along azimuth 316° clockwise from north from reference point 35° 17' 30" north latitude and 85° 52' 30" west longitude (Figure 8).

Description: The site is situated in a heavily wooded area where the vegetation obscures the cultural remains present and prohibits accurate delimitation of the site.

Work conducted: Ground reconnaissance.

Cultural material: 1 cryptocrystalline flake

Recommendations: The site was classed as a minor surface indication during the initial ground reconnaissance, but further ground reconnaissance and a more extensive, controlled surface collection are recommended during late fall or early spring when vegetation obscures less of the ground surface. It is likely that surface indications 40GY8 and 40GY9 represent one continuous site.

Site: 40GY10 (Field No. 8)

Location: 35° 18' 09" north latitude and 85° 52' 29" west longitude Elevation 1,020 ft (313m) AMSL Burrow Cove, Tennessee Quadrangle 93-SE 1947

The site is located on the east side of U.S. Highway 41, .65 mile (1.04km) south of Pelham, Tennessee, in the northeast corner of Warren Cemetery, and 4,000 ft (1,120m) along azimuth 0° clockwise from north from reference point 35° 17' 30" north latitude and 85° 52' 20" west longitude, or 4,500 ft (1,380m) along azimuth 328° clockwise from north from reference point 35° 17' 30" north latitude and 85° 52' west longitude (Figure 14).

Description: The site, a small, subconical, slightly elliptical mound, is presently incorporated into Warren Cemetery and has modern interments (ca. 1882-1968) intrusive into the mound. Several deciduous trees occur near the southeast side of the mound, but the mound proper is devoid of vegetation except grass. The mound rises 10 ft (3.07m) above the surrounding ground surface and measures 117 ft (35.8m)NS x 90 ft (27.6m)EW (Figure 15).

Work conducted: Ground reconnaissance.

Cultural material: No material was collected within the cemetery. However, lightly scattered cryptocrystalline debitage occurred

outside the cemetery boundary approximately 10 ft north of the mound.

Recommendations: The mound is not within the proposed right of way and is protected from erosion and relic collectors by its inclusion within the Warren Cemetery. Intrusion of modern interments has disturbed the mound deposits and cemetery officials should be discouraged, if possible, from adding more graves. If the cemetery is relocated or threatened by future construction, excavation of the mound should be considered. The mound is probably associated with the occupation at site 40GY11 which occurs immediately north of the cemetery (Figure 14).

Site: 40GY11 (Field No. 9)

Location: 35° 18' 13" north latitude and 85° 52' 27" west longitude Elevation 1,020 ft (313m) AMSL Burrow Cove, Tennessee Quadrangle 93-SE 1947

The site is located 300 ft (94m) north of an existing TVA transmission line and 700 ft (214m) north-northeast of Warren Cemetery on the second terrace north and northwest of the Elk River on the property of Mr. Franklin Payne, Pelham, Tennessee; and 4,875 ft (1,490m) along azimuth 328° clockwise from north from reference point 35° 17' 30" north latitude and 85° 52' west longitude (Figure 14).

Description: The site is 375 ft (115m)NS by 625 ft (192m)EW with a long axis of 875 feet (269m) oriented NE/SW, and is presently in a plowed and cultivated field. Surface survey shows that cultural remains are heavily concentrated at the center of this area while fewer remains occur beyond this locus (Figure 16).

#### Work conducted:

(A) Ground reconnaissance

(B) Four test units at tower structure 237 (Figure 17)

### Cultural material:

(A) Ground reconnaissance

- 1. 46 cryptocrystalline flakes
- 2. 8 cryptocrystalline blocks
- 3. 7 cryptocrystalline cores
- 4. 5 cryptocrystalline preforms
- 5. 1 cryptocrystalline graver (Figure 11g)
- 6. 5 cryptocrystalline side scrapers
- 7. 2 cryptocrystalline bifacial fragments unidentifiable
- 8. 2 cryptocrystalline projectile point/knives distal sections



Figure 15 Site 40GY10, historic American burials in Warren Cemetery are intrusive into mound, view to northeast.



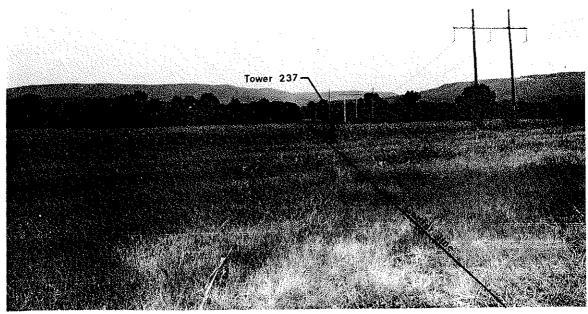


Figure 16 40GYll, view to east.

## STATE OF TENNESSEE--SITE SURVEY RECORD

Site No. 40GY 35 Reporter's No. S-31 County Grundy
Type of Site open habitation and mound
Past/Current Names (if any) Scott Mound
Cultural Type(s) Early, Middle, and Late Archaic, Middle-Late Woodland
Quadrangle Altamont No. 99 N W Edition 1956
Site Location N. Lat. 35 Deg. 29 Min. 50 Sec.  W. Long. 85 Deg. 39 Min. 57 Sec.  Verbal Description of Location The site is situated at the base of the Cumberland Plateau on yhe western bank of the Collins river 2,000 ft east of Taylor creek and 500 ft north of a prominent spring.
Elevation 940 ft
Nearest Water <u>Collins river</u> Dist. and Direction <u>100 ft SE</u>
Site Description This site at present consists of an open occupation with a moderate amount of cultural debris occurring on the surface. Locals, including the owner, report that a conically shaped burial mound about 10 ft in height and 50 ft in diameter also existed but was leveled by a bulldozer. A single burial was noticed during this operation.
Dimensions/Est. Area 500 ft N-S by 500 ft E-W
Density/Distribution Surface Material <u>Cultural debris is moderately</u> <u>distributed throughout the site but is denser in the southeast portion of the</u> <u>site in the area of the bulldozed mound.</u>
Stratigraphy Noted (if any) none observed
Ground Covercrop stubble
Damage/Potential Damage Mound destroyed by bulldozer.
Owner (Name/Address) Elton Scott, 303 Edgewood, Grundy Coundy
Tenant (Name/Address)
Informant (Name/Address) <u>Doug Malone, 112 Kennedy Circle, McMinnville</u>
Reported By R. Jolley Date of Survey 2/3/77
Other Members of Party <u>James East</u>

Cultural Remains Present (circle appropriate category and quantify, if possible)
1X Lithic waste (flakes, cores)
I. Projectile points, point fragments
3. Other chipped stone tools
X. Ground stone tools
X. Ceramics
6. Animal bone
7. She11
8. Human burials
9. Historic materials
10. Other (specify) 1 worked Hematite, 1 mortar, nutting stones
Remarks on collections Diagnostic material: 1 Bifurcate base pt., 1 Morrow Mountain, 1 Wade, 6 McFarland, 2 bladelets, 1 Spike Cluster, 1 Jacks Reef corner notched, 5 Hamilton pts. Ceramics: Limestone tempered; 56 plain, 1 simple stamped, 1 check stamped, 2 fabric impressed Siliceous tempered; 9 plain, 1 cord marked, 1 knoy roughened and net impressed.
1 cold marked; I knoy loughened dud het impressed.
Location of collection Tenn Division of Archaeology acc 77-31
Other collections from site (name/address) Elton Scott has the skull recovered from the mound when it was destroyed.
Previous excavation/survey
Photos Roll 2 Caney Fork Survey
Special instructions for relocating site in field
Recommendations for further work (if any) recollect
Additional Remarks (may include sketch map of site) Attach tracing from USGS quad map, if possible, and any other material as needed.
Mr. Scott says that he found a single burial in a log tomb when the mound was destroyed. As for the mound itself, Mr. Scott says that it was about ten feet high and about fifty feet in diameter.

See Map Attached to 40 GY 33